[Supplementary Essay 2]

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Abstract

This paper is a scientific essay for the topic; "What is alignment?". It includes introducing several DNA sequence alignment strategies, my own way and apply the 'Phylo' game.

Summary

Sequence alignment is an arranging the sequences of DNA or protein in bioinformatics. The important thing is how to arrange correct and fast. So, a strategy is most important of alignment because computer program replaces handwork in present, the amount of data does not affect to time of alignment. Therefore, many biologists developed alignment program and published.

One of these is 'Dot Plot Sequence alignment'. This way compares two sequences and can be easy to identify insertion, deletions and so on. First step of this method is making 2D-plot. And then, marks dot on matching sequence (Figure 1) and finds the deletion or insertion (Figure 2).

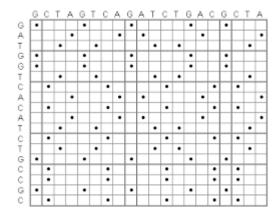


Figure 1. Dot marking on the 2D-plot

Comparing two sequences (x axis and y axis). When Nth sequence on X-axis same with Mth sequence on Y-axis, mark dot on the (N, M) site in 2D-plot.

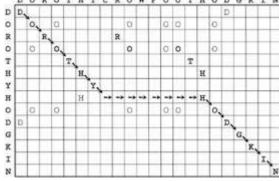
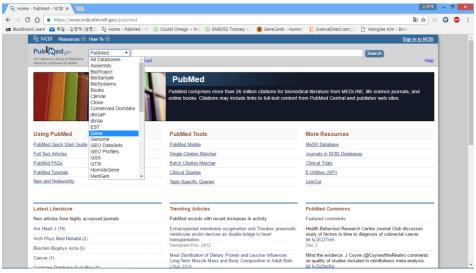


Figure 2. Analyzing sequence

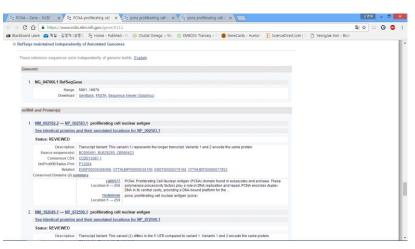
Second, to align several sequences, 'Clustal Omerga' program is useful. It also pairwise sequence alignment tools. I already used it so show an example and some tips. For instance, I analyses PCNA protein sequences of human, zebrafish and xenopus. First step is to find sequence on PubMed site (Figure 3).

Figure 3

a. Select 'gene' and type in wanted protein name

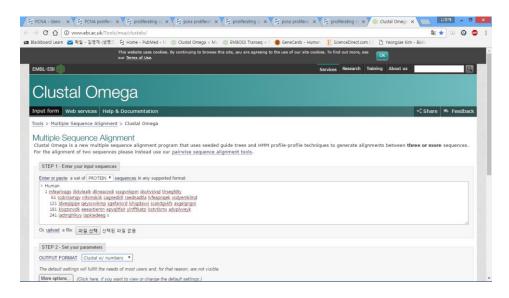


b, c. Find protein sequence





d. copy and paste protein sequences after type in '> (species)' and change the OUTPUT FORMAT from 'Clustal w/o numbers' to 'Clustal w/o numbers'. It can be easy to comparing the sequences.



e. result

CLUSTAL O(1.2.3) multiple sequence alignment

xenopus Human Zebrafish	mfearlvqgsilkkvlealkdlideacwditssgislqsmdsshvslvqltlrsdgfdty mfearlvqgsilkkvlealkdlineacwdisssgvnlqsmdsshvslvqltlrsegfdty mfearlvqgsilkkvlealkdliteacwdvsssgislqsmdsshvslvqltlrsdgfdsy ************************************	60 60 60
xenopus Human Zebrafish	rcdrnqsigvkmssmskilkcaasediitlraednadtvtmvfespnqekvsdyemklmd rcdrnlamgvnltsmskilkcagnediitlraednadtlalvfeapnqekvsdyemklmd rcdrnlamgvnlssmskilkcagnediitlraednadalalvfetlnqekvsdyemklmd ***** ::**:::************************	120 120 120
xenopus Human Zebrafish	IdveqIgipeqeyscvikmpsgefaricrdIsqigdavviscakdgvkfsasgeIgtgnv IdveqIgipeqeyscvvkmpsgefaricrdIshigdavviscakdgvkfsasgeIgngni IdveqIgipeqeyscvvkmpsgefaricrdIsqigdavmiscakdgvkfsasgeIgtgni ************************************	180 180 180
xenopus Human Zebrafish	kisqtsnvdkeeeavtiemnepvqltfalryinfftkatpisptvtismsadipivveyk kisqtsnvdkeeeavtiemnepvqltfalryinfftkatpisstvtismsadvpivveyk kisqtsnvdkedeavtiemnepvqlifalnyinfftkatpisktvtismsadipivveyk	240 240 240
xenopus Human Zebrafish	iadmghvkyylapkiedeeas 261 iadmghlkyylapkiedeegs 261 iadmghvkyylapkideess- 260	

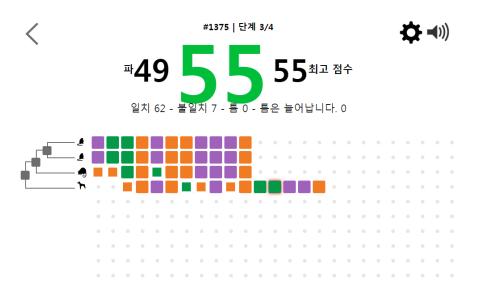
Third, I developed some ideas of how to perfect alignment. I think most people find instinctively matched big fragment of sequences to align sequences. Therefore, I select sequential short fragment (10~15bp) from 1st sequence to last letter. And give a score which show how many sequence match to others. When I find best score, do pairwise sequence alignment based on the best score fragment. Advantage of this method, if the sequences' length is very different, it cannot easy to find start point.

So I notice initial point first and pairwise alignment.

Finally, how to develop this method and apply? If many people play the game and work on alignment in the same time, it is nice sound. So some people make games named 'Phylo'. It is alignment game and data to analyze human alignment mechanism(Figure 4).

Figure 4.

a. Playing the Phylo game



b. Using the solving mechanism, makers can easily solve the alignment.



Reference

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6Udqou3vmng
- 2. http://www.globalspec.com/reference/65984/203279/dotplots-and-sequence-alignments
- 3. http://bioinfoalzheimer.weebly.com/chapter-3.html
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- 8. Phylo game: http://phylo.cs.mcgill.ca/